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DE RUEHLGB #0365 1441031 ZNR UUUUU ZZH P 231031Z MAY 08 FM AMEMBASSY KIGALI TO RUEHC/SECSTATE WASHDC PRIORITY 5327 INFO RUEHDS/AMEMBASSY ADDIS ABABA PRIORITY 0166 RUEHJB/AMEMBASSY BUJUMBURA PRIORITY 0312 RUEHDR/AMEMBASSY DAR ES SALAAM PRIORITY 1127 RUEHKM/AMEMBASSY KAMPALA PRIORITY 1895 RUEHKI/AMEMBASSY KINSHASA PRIORITY 0447 RUEHNR/AMEMBASSY NAIROBI PRIORITY 1220

UNCLAS KIGALI 000365

SENSITIVE SIPDIS

DEPARTMENT FOR EEB/TPP/MTA - CVOLTMER DEPARTMENT FOR EEB/TPP/ABT - GCLEMENTS DEPARTMENT FOR EEB/TPP/ABT - AWINTON DEPARTMENT FOR EEB/IFD/ODF - MSIEMER

DEPARTMENT PASS FOR USDA/FAS - CJACKSON/MHOUSE

E.O. 12958: N/A

TAGS: ETRD EAGR EAID ECON TBIO KPAO

SUBJECT: RWANDA RESPONSE TO THE PRESIDENT'S GLOBAL FOOD

SECURITY INITIATIVE

REF: A. STATE 52628

1B. STATE 53346

1C. STATE 52602

¶D. STATE 53353

1E. KIGALI 0305

11. (U) Summary: Rwanda is a net importer of staple foods and supports initiatives aimed at improving agricultural productivity, increasing access to science and technology and removing barriers to trade in staple

foods. The government of Rwanda (GOR) does not impose any official export

restrictions on staple foods although some local infrastructure and market

barriers continue to inhibit local and regional food distribution. GOR is cognizant of the benefits of biotechnology and mindful that biotechnology products are becoming a reality in the region. Legislation

governing national biotechnology and biosafety policy for Rwanda is currently in Parliament pending approval. End summary.

¶2. (U) Emboffs met with Acting Secretary General Ministry of Agriculture -

Pelagie Mukayiranga - and presented talking points of reftels a,b,d. The

Acting Secretary General noted that Rwanda does not currently have sufficient domestic production of rice, wheat and maize and imports most.

food staples. Mukayiranga advised she was "not aware of any export restrictions" on agricultural staples and said the GOR supports measures

that would improve regional food distribution. Local barriers to trade such as high transportation costs, inefficient market information systems

and inadequate food storage facilities continue to inhibit local food distribution (Ref E).

13. (U) Separately, Emboffs spoke with Mark Bagabe - Director of the Ministry of Agriculture Research Institute - who advised that a draft law

governing biotechnology and biosafety is currently pending parliamentary

approval. Bagabe noted that the GOR was "mindful of the realities of GM

(genetically modified crops) and biotechnology" and aware that both

Kenya and Uganda are moving forward with biotechnology programs. Bagabe agreed that biotechnology is needed to advance regional food security but was not able to advise when the new law would be approved or implemented.

ARIETTI